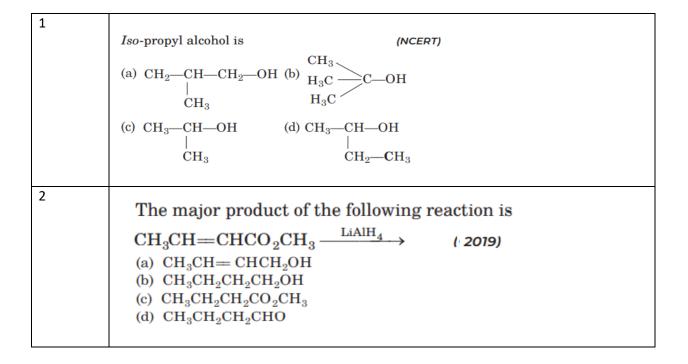
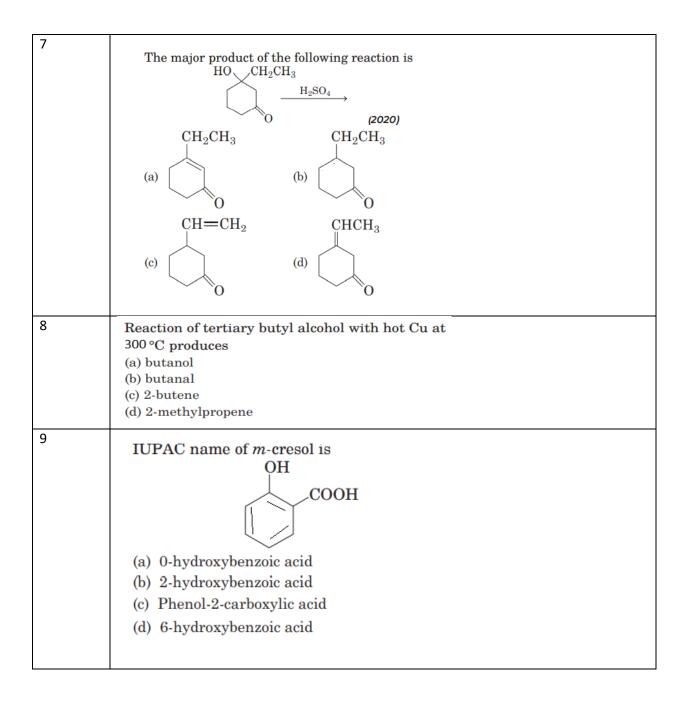
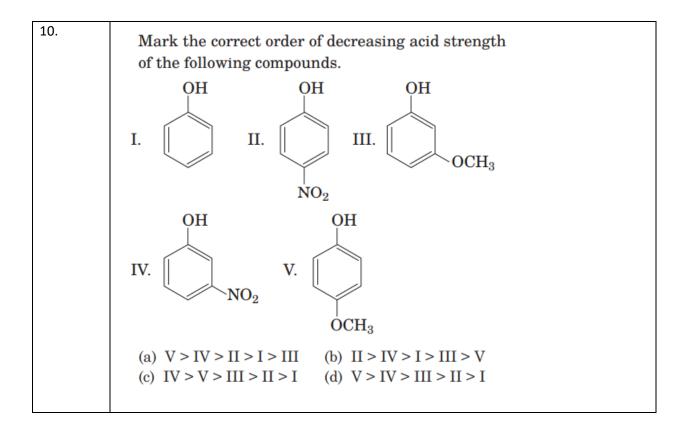
	INDIAN	SCHOOL AL WADI AL KABIR		
Class: XII		ENT: SCIENCE 2023 - 24 : CHEMISTRY	Date of completion: MAY 2023	
Worksheet No:02 with answers	TOPIC: ALCOHOLS, PHENOLS & ETHERS		Note: A4 FILE FORMAT	
NAME OF THE ST	FUDENT	CLASS & SEC:	ROLL NO.	

MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (1 MARK EACH)



3	The reduction,
	$\begin{array}{c} O \\ HC \\ \hline \\ COCH_3 \\ \hline $
4	ОН
	CH ₃ CH ₂ —C—CH ₃ cannot be prepared by
	Ph (2019)
	(a) $CH_3CH_2COCH_3 + PhMgX$
	(b) $PhCOCH_3 + CH_3CH_2MgX$
	(c) $PhCOCH_2CH_3 + CH_3MgX$ (d) $HCHO + PhCH(CH_3) CH_2MgX$
5	In the following reaction, identify <i>X</i> .
	Methyl magnesium bromide + $X \longrightarrow 2$ -methyl
	propan-2-ol (NCERT)
	(a) propanol (b) ethanone
	(c) propanone (d) butane
6	What is the correct order of reactivity of alcohols in the following reaction?
	R —OH + HCl $\xrightarrow{\text{ZnCl}_2}$ R —Cl + H ₂ O
	(a) $1^{\circ} > 2^{\circ} > 3^{\circ}$ (b) $1^{\circ} < 2^{\circ} > 3^{\circ}$
	(c) $3^{\circ} > 2^{\circ} > 1^{\circ}$ (d) $3^{\circ} > 1^{\circ} > 2^{\circ}$





Read the given passage and answer the questions that follow: (1 MARK EACH)

Methanol, CH₃OH, also known as 'wood spirit', was produced by destructive distillation of wood. Today, most of the methanol is produced by catalytic hydrogenation of carbon monoxide at high pressure and temperature and in the presence of $ZnO - Cr_2O_3$ catalyst.

$$CO + 2H_2 \xrightarrow{ZnO-Cr_2O_3} CH_3OH$$

200-300 atm
573-673 K

Methanol is a colourless liquid and boils at 337 K. It is highly poisonous in nature. Ingestion of even small quantities of methanol can cause blindness and large quantities causes even death. Methanol is used as a solvent in paints, varnishes and chiefly for making formaldehyde.

- 11. What happens when methanol is subjected to PCC?
- 12. Give two applications of methanol.
- 13. Mention the IUPAC name of the compound formed when methanol is subjected to thionyl

chloride.

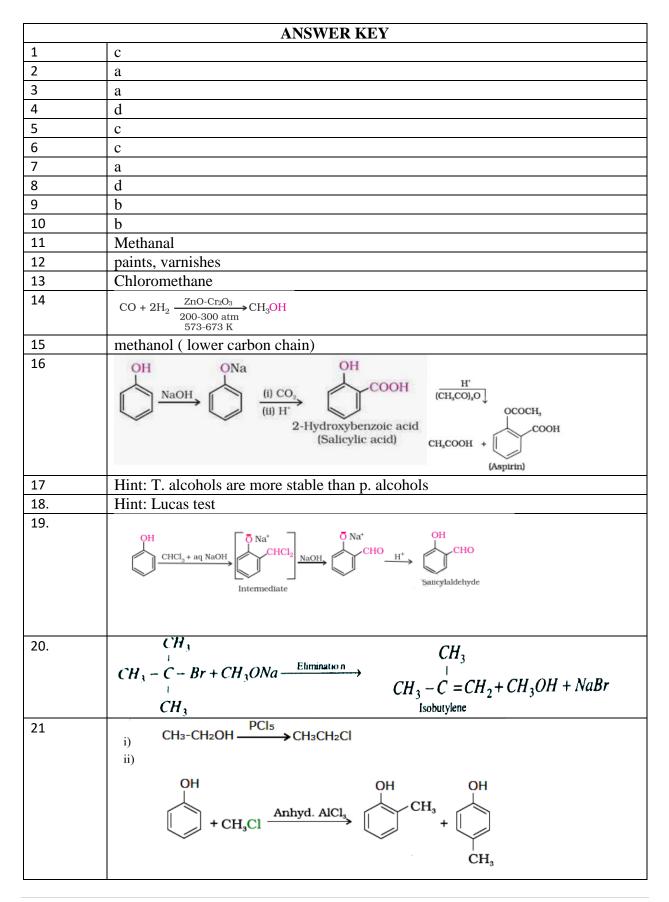
- 14. Give one commercial preparation of methanol.
- 15. Which is readily soluble in water methanol or butan-1-ol.

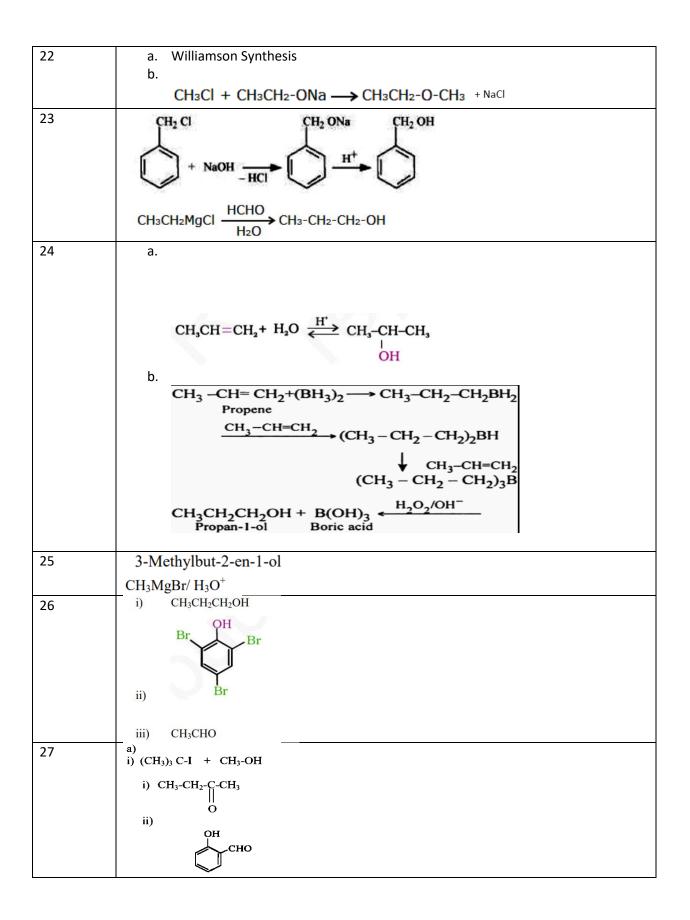
Question – Answer Type: (Previous Years' Board Questions)

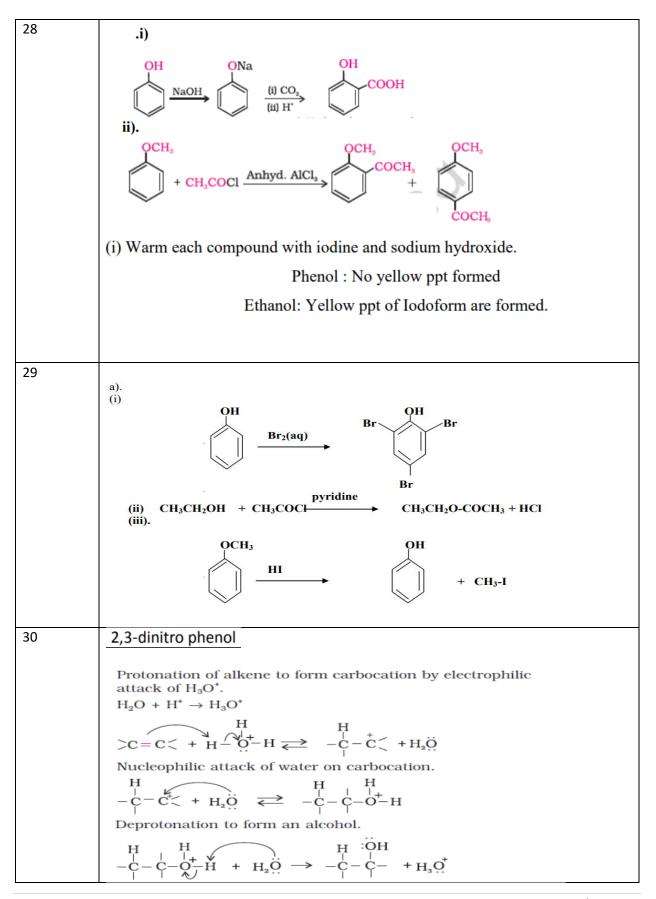
16	Convert: OH \rightarrow Aspirin	1
17	Give a reason: Acid catalysed dehydration of t-butanol is faster than that of <i>n</i> -butanol.	1
18	Give a chemical test to distinguish : Ethanol and Propan-2-ol	
19	Complete the following:	1
	OH → CHO	
20	Complete the equation:	1
	$(CH_3)_3CBr + NaOMe \rightarrow$	
21	Write the major product in the following equations :	2
	(i) $CH_3 - CH_2OH \xrightarrow{PCl_5} ?$ OH	
	(ii) + CH ₃ - Cl $\xrightarrow{\text{anhyd. AlCl}_3}$?	
22	$CH_3 - Cl + CH_3CH_2 - ONa \rightarrow ?$	2
	a. Identify the name of the reaction.b. What are the products formed.	
23	How are the following conversions carried out ?	2
	(i) Benzyl chloride to Benzyl alcohol	
	(ii) Ethyl magnesium chloride to Propan-1-ol	
24	Convert the following	2
	a.	
	Propene to Propan-2-ol	
	b. Propene to Propan-1-ol	

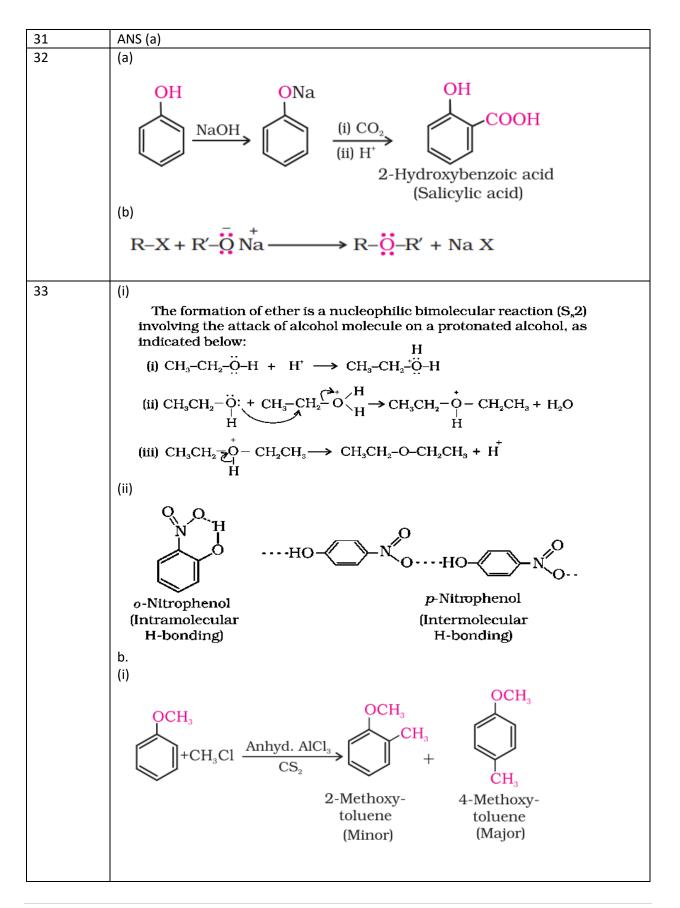
25	Write the IUPAC name of the given compound :	2
23		-
	$HO - CH_2 - CH = C - CH_3$	
	CH_3	
	Name the reagents used in the following reactions :	
	$CH_3 - CHO \xrightarrow{?} CH_3 - CH - CH_3$	
	OH	
26	Predict the products of the following reactions :	3
	(i) $CH_3 - CH = CH_2 \xrightarrow{i} B_2H_6 \xrightarrow{i} 3H_2O_2 / OH^-$?	
	(ii) $C_6H_5 - OH \xrightarrow{Br_2(aq)} ?$	
	(iii) $CH_3CH_2OH \xrightarrow{Cu/573K} ?$	
27	(a) Write the major product(s) in each of the following reactions :	3
	CH ₃	
	(i) $CH_3 - \overset{i}{C} - O - CH_3 + HI \longrightarrow$ CH_3	
	(ii) $CH_3 - CH_2 - CH_1 - CH_3 \xrightarrow{Cu/573 \text{ K}}$	
	ОН	
	(iii) $C_6H_5 - OH \xrightarrow{(i) CHCl_3 + aq \cdot NaOH} \xrightarrow{(iii) H^+}$	
28	Write the chemical reaction involved in the following reactions :	2, 1
	(i) Kolbe's reaction	
	(ii) Friedal-Crafts acetylation of anisole	
	Distinguish between :	
	(i) Ethanol and phenol	
29	What happens when	3
	(i) phenol reacts with Bromine water ?	
	(ii) ethanol reacts with CH ₃ COCl/pyridine ?	
	(iii) anisole reacts with HI ?	
	Write the chemical equations involved in the above reactions.	

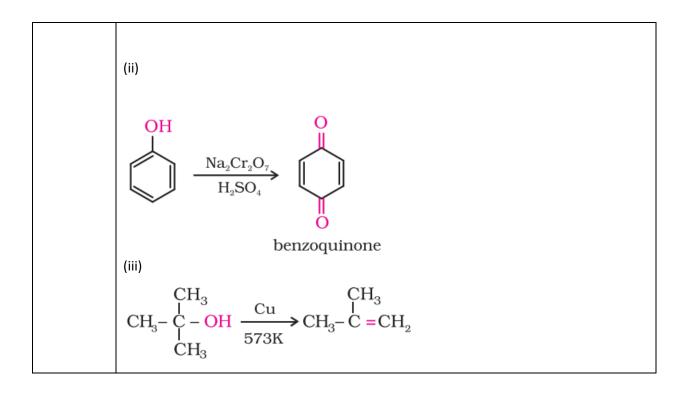
30	Write IUPAC name of the following compound : OH	3
	NO ₂ NO ₂	
	Explain mechanism for hydration of acid catalyzed ethene :	
	$CH_2 = CH_2 + H_2O \xrightarrow{H^+} CH_3 - CH_2 - OH$	
31	Which of the following reactions are feasible ?	1 [2023]
	(a) $CH_3CH_2Br + Na^+ O^-C(CH_3)_3 \rightarrow CH_3CH_2 - O - C (CH_3)_3$	
	(b) $(CH_3)_3 C - Cl + Na^+ O^- CH_2 CH_3 \rightarrow CH_3 CH_2 - O - C(CH_3)_3$	
	(c) Both (a) and (b)	
	(d) Neither (a) nor (b)	
32	Write the chemical equation involved in the following :	2 [2023]
	(a) Kolbe's reaction	
	(b) Williamson synthesis	
33	(a) (i) Write the mechanism of the following reaction :	2+1 [2023]
	$2\mathrm{CH}_{3}\mathrm{CH}_{2}\mathrm{OH} \xrightarrow{\mathrm{H}^{+}} \mathrm{CH}_{3} - \mathrm{CH}_{2} - \mathrm{O} - \mathrm{CH}_{2} - \mathrm{CH}_{3} + \mathrm{H}_{2}\mathrm{O}$	
	(ii) Why ortho-nitrophenol is steam volatile while para-nitrophenol is	
	not ?	
	OR	
	(b) What happens when	1+1+1 [2023]
	(i) Anisole is treated with $CH_3Cl/anhydrous AlCl_3$?	
	(ii) Phenol is oxidised with $Na_2Cr_2O_7/H^+$?	
	(iii) $(CH_3)_3 C - OH$ is heated with Cu/573 K?	
	Write chemical equation in support of your answer.	











Prepared by : Ms. Jenifer Robinson